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## EXPLANATION

- Substrate class**
- Fine- to medium-grained smooth sediment**—Low backscatter, low rugosity; typically mud to medium-grained sand, often rippled and (or) barrowed
  - Mixed smooth sediment and rock**—Moderate to very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically coarse-grained sand, gravel, cobbles, and bedrock
  - Rock and boulder, rugose**—High backscatter, high rugosity; typically boulders and rugose bedrock
  - Medium- to coarse-grained sediment**—Very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically medium- to coarse-grained sediment, with varying amounts of shell hash, in scour depressions
- Location of real-time video observation and interpreted substrate class of seafloor**
- Fine- to medium-grained smooth sediment**—Low backscatter, low rugosity; typically mud to medium-grained sand, often rippled and (or) barrowed
  - Mixed smooth sediment and rock**—Moderate to very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically coarse-grained sand, gravel, cobbles, and bedrock
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  - Medium- to coarse-grained sediment**—Very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically medium- to coarse-grained sediment, with varying amounts of shell hash, in scour depressions
- Location of digital still photograph and interpreted substrate class of seafloor**
- Fine- to medium-grained smooth sediment**—Low backscatter, low rugosity; typically mud to medium-grained sand, often rippled and (or) barrowed
  - Mixed smooth sediment and rock**—Moderate to very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically coarse-grained sand, gravel, cobbles, and bedrock
  - Rock and boulder, rugose**—High backscatter, high rugosity; typically boulders and rugose bedrock
  - Medium- to coarse-grained sediment**—Very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically medium- to coarse-grained sediment, with varying amounts of shell hash, in scour depressions
- Interpreted substrate class depicted in digital still photograph**—Indicated by colored frame around photograph (not shown on map; images in figures only)
- Fine- to medium-grained smooth sediment**—Low backscatter, low rugosity; typically mud to medium-grained sand, often rippled and (or) barrowed
  - Mixed smooth sediment and rock**—Moderate to very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically coarse-grained sand, gravel, cobbles, and bedrock
  - Rock and boulder, rugose**—High backscatter, high rugosity; typically boulders and rugose bedrock
  - Medium- to coarse-grained sediment**—Very high backscatter, low rugosity; typically medium- to coarse-grained sediment, with varying amounts of shell hash, in scour depressions
- Sample localities**
- Area of "no data"**—Areas near shoreline not mapped owing to insufficient high-resolution swath mapping data; areas beyond 3-nautical-mile limit of California's State Waters were not mapped as part of California Seafloor Mapping Program
  - 3-nautical-mile limit of California's State Waters**

## GLOSSARY

**Rugosity**—A GIS-derived characterization of seafloor roughness, calculated as the ratio of the three-dimensional surface area of seafloor to the two-dimensional planar-base area, for each cell in the bathymetry grid.

**Backscatter intensity**—The amplitude of the reflected sonar signal (see sheet 3) used to infer the hardness of the bottom, determined after sonar-data processing has removed (as much as possible) the effects of water depth, angle of reflection, and bottom roughness.

**Biocomplexity**—The assessment of the presence or absence of biological structures that have the potential of providing shelter for fauna, determined by estimating the scale, the amount, and the morphological relief (as described by Tissot and others, 2006).

**Biocover**—The visual estimate of the proportion of biologic cover by encrusting organisms: high, greater than 50 percent; moderate, between 50 percent and 10 percent; low, less than 10 percent.



Figure 5. USGS-designed camera sled being loaded onto research vessel in preparation for ground-truth studies. Components onboard sled include four digital video recorders, one 8-megapixel digital SLR camera, lasers for scale, and various shore and video lights, as well as telemetry instrumentation that records depth, altitude, and compass heading.

## Ground-Truth Studies, Offshore of Point Reyes Map Area, California

By  
Nadine E. Golden,<sup>1</sup> Guy R. Cochrane,<sup>1</sup> and Lisa M. Krigsman<sup>2</sup>  
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<sup>1</sup>U.S. Geological Survey,  
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Marine Fisheries Service

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